Page 3 of 13

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) An instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic

frequency conversion laser, comprising:

a laser generator for emitting light,

a circular lightproof system installed on the on an output light path, and

a control circuit, wherein also comprising

a cabinet which houses the laser generator, the circular lightproof system, and the

control circuit; and

an angular rotation expander which projects upwardly from the cabinet for adjusting a

height and an angle-of an of the light outputted at an end of the output light path relative to a

position and orientation of the cabinet.

2. (Currently Amended) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic

frequency conversion laser of claim 1, wherein the angular rotation expander comprises a

primary drawtube, a secondary drawtube, a retainer, an opening, and a reflector,

the primary drawtube having a primary lens setting located outside of an upper part of

the secondary drawtube and being capable of reciprocating along the secondary drawtube

which has a secondary lens,

the retainer located on the on an upper position of the secondary drawtube,

the opening in one side of the primary drawtube for-through which the light going

Docket No. 3410-0115PUS1

Application No. 10/582,384 Amendment dated May 28, 2010

Reply to Office Action of March 22, 2010

Art Unit: 3769
Page 4 of 13

through outputted passes,

the reflector setting inside of located adjacent to the primary lens and facing the

opening, so that the light-path of emitted by the laser generator goes through the secondary

lens and the primary lens, and is then reflected out of the opening by the reflector.

3. (Currently Amended) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic

frequency conversion laser of claim 1, wherein the secondary drawtube is connected with the

output light path of the laser generator by a light-adjusting unit mounted on a side wall of

lower section of the angular rotation expander.

4. (Original) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic frequency

conversion laser of claim 1, wherein wave length of the light outputted by the laser generator

is from 630.0 to 650.0 nm.

5. (Original) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic frequency

conversion laser of claim 1, wherein the laser generator is a helium neon laser generator.

6. (Original) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic frequency

conversion laser of claim 1, wherein the laser generator is a semiconductor laser generator.

Application No. 10/582,384 Docket No. 3410-0115PUS1
Amendment dated May 28, 2010 Art Unit: 3769

Reply to Office Action of March 22, 2010

March 22, 2010 Page 5 of 13

7. (Currently Amended) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic

frequency conversion laser of claim 5, wherein the control circuit comprises:

a loop timing generating circuit,

a controlled shunt constant voltage source,

a steady speed drive circuit,

a circuit for measuring speed,

an acousto-optics indicating circuit and a power circuit;

the power circuit having a low-voltage power source providing a work power source

for the loop timing generating circuit and the acousto-optics indicating circuit, and a high-

voltage power circuit providing a work power source for the helium neon laser generator;

the loop timing generating circuit capable of sending out timing signals and providing

a stable voltage for the for a direct current buncher through the steady speed drive circuit.

8. (New) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic frequency

conversion laser of claim 1, wherein an upper section of the angular rotation expander is

movable along a longitudinal axis thereof, and is provided with a reflector for reflecting light

emitted by the laser generator out through an opening on a side of the angular rotation

expander,

Docket No. 3410-0115PUS1

Amendment dated May 28, 2010

Application No. 10/582,384

Reply to Office Action of March 22, 2010

Art Unit: 3769
Page 6 of 13

the reflector being pivotably mounted on a tumbler having an axis which is fixed in a

position perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the angular rotation expander.

9. (New) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic frequency

conversion laser of claim 1, wherein an upper section of the angular rotation expander is

provided with a reflector for reflecting light emitted by the laser generator out through an

opening on a side of angular rotation expander,

the reflector being pivotably mounted on a tumbler having an axis which is fixed in a

position perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the angular rotation expander,

wherein depending on how the reflector is pivoted, the light outputted through the

hole is directed either at an upwardly sloping angle or at a downwardly sloping angle with

respect to the axial direction of the tumbler.

10. (New) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic frequency

conversion laser of claim 8, wherein the reflector is formed with an elliptical shape.

11. (New) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic frequency

conversion laser of claim 9, the angle of the light outputted through the hole is adjusted

between the upwardly sloping angle and the downwardly sloping angle with respect to the

axial direction of the tumbler exclusively by a pivoting of the reflector.

Application No. 10/582,384 Amendment dated May 28, 2010 Reply to Office Action of March 22, 2010 Docket No. 3410-0115PUS1 Art Unit: 3769 Page 7 of 13

12. (New) The instrument for treating amblyopia using automatic frequency conversion laser of claim 2, wherein a distance between the first and second lenses is adjustable by adjusting the height of the primary drawtube relative to the cabinet.